

Is the rebound of digitalisation unavoidable?

Anton Brucherseifer

Digitalisation and the Rebound Effect Seminar, HS2020

How to Save the Environment?

improve
energy-efficiency
of your product



product becomes
cheaper



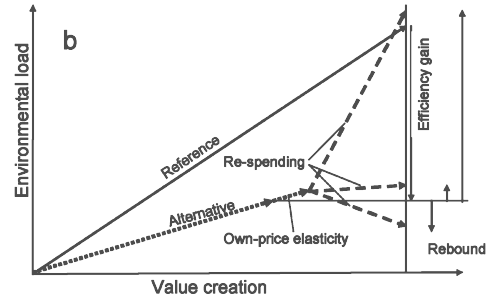
more and more people
start buying your product



Outline



Side Effects



Sociology



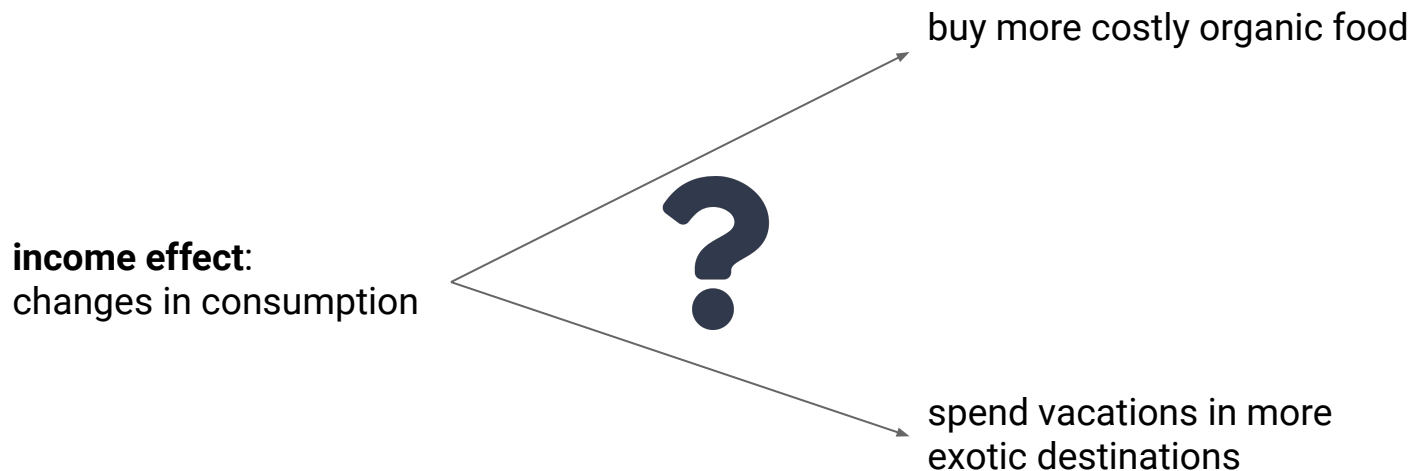
Policies

Side Effects



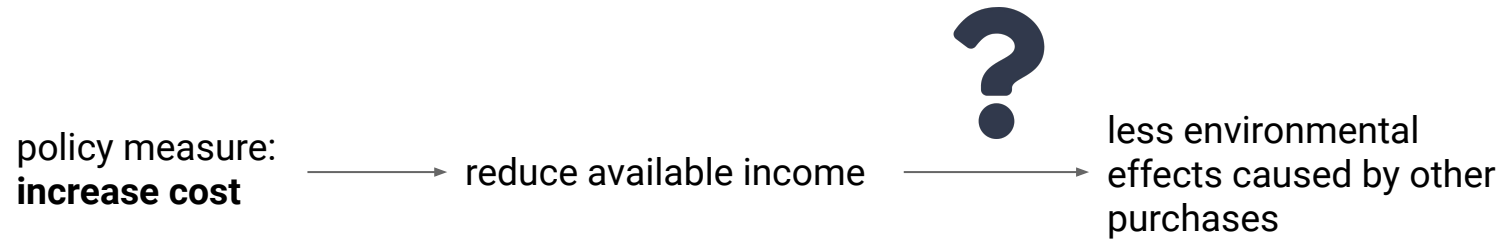


Side Effects: Example 1



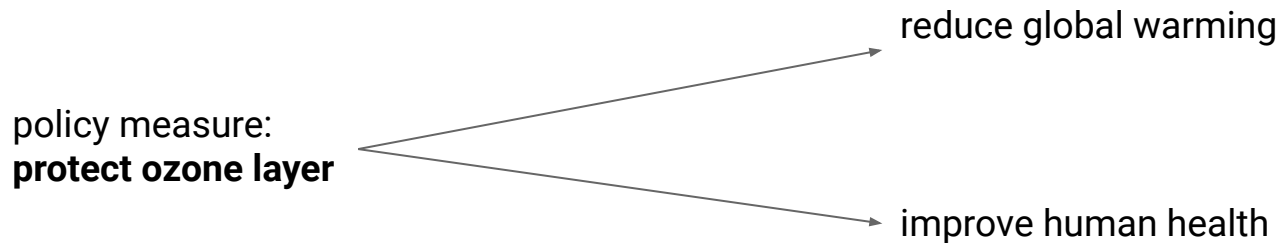


Side Effects: Example 2

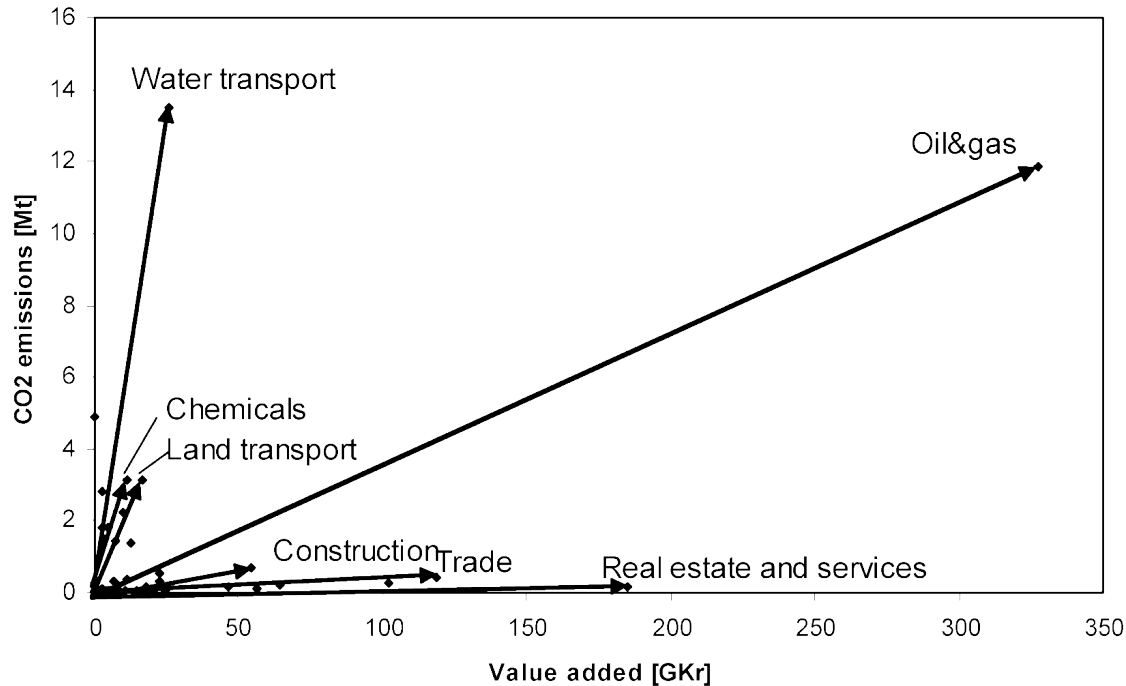
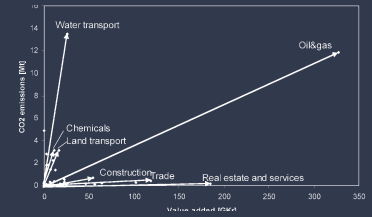




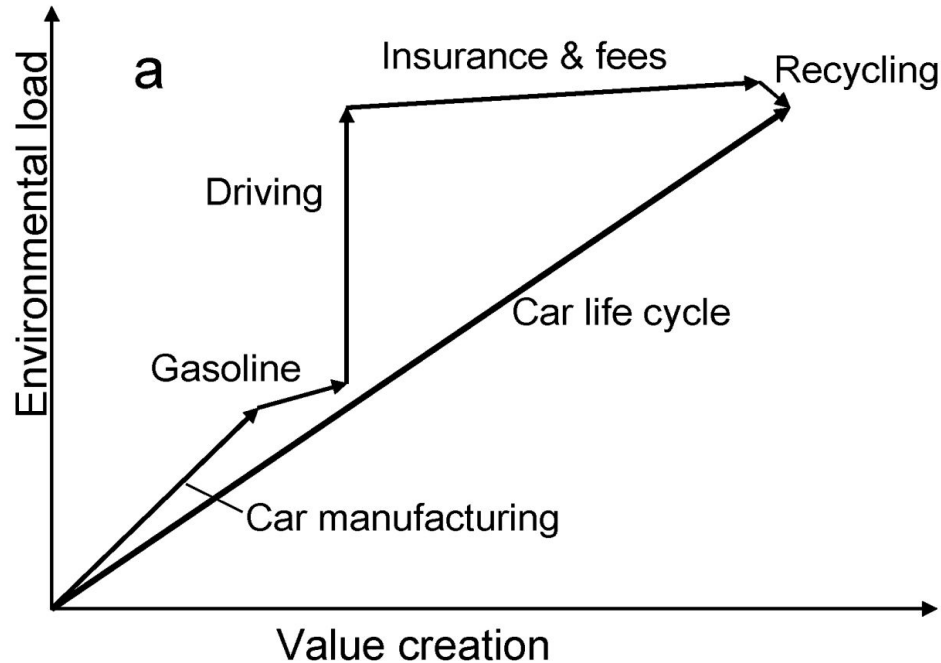
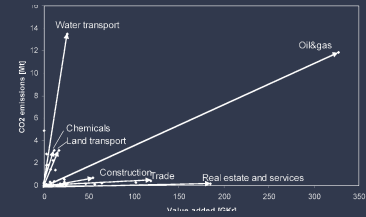
Side Effects: Example 3



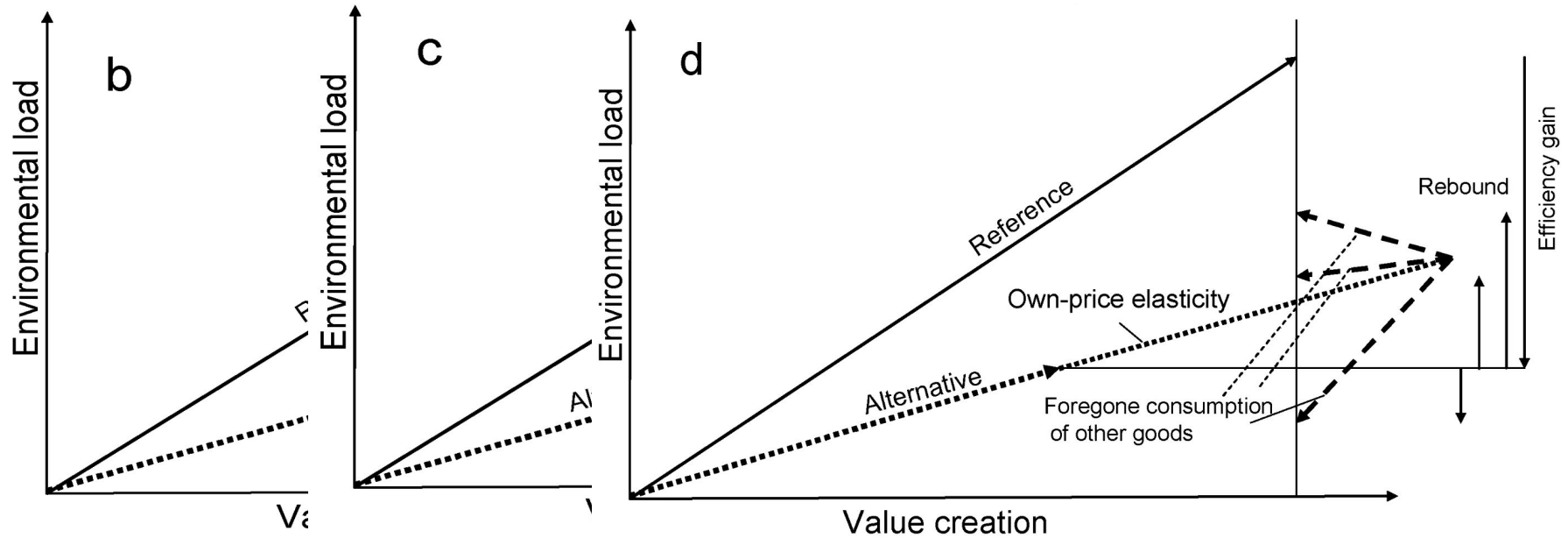
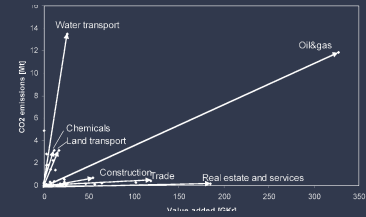
The E2 Vector



The E2 Vector (Car Example)



The E2 Vector on Rebound Effect



Policy Measures against Rebound Effect



Policy Measures against Rebound Effect



- mostly concerned with resource and energy efficiency
- efficiency increased
- but absolute environmental pressure still rises

technological
improvements



increases in population
and consumption

Case Study: Rebound Effect as a Policy Issue in the European Union



- searching for the term “rebound effect”
 - treaties, international agreements, legislation and preparatory acts
- total 35 acknowledge rebound effect
- first mentioned time in 1996, then increasingly
- only 6 legal acts recommend policy to mitigate rebound effect
- no policy action yet

3 Rebound Mitigation Strategies



more efficient



greener



consume less

3 Rebound Mitigation Strategies



improve energy intensity [kWh / CHF]

e.g. more efficient fuel

problem: additional rebound effect



improve emission intensity [CO₂ / kWh]

e.g. enforce renewable energies as electricity source

problem: limited by technology



downsize individual consumption

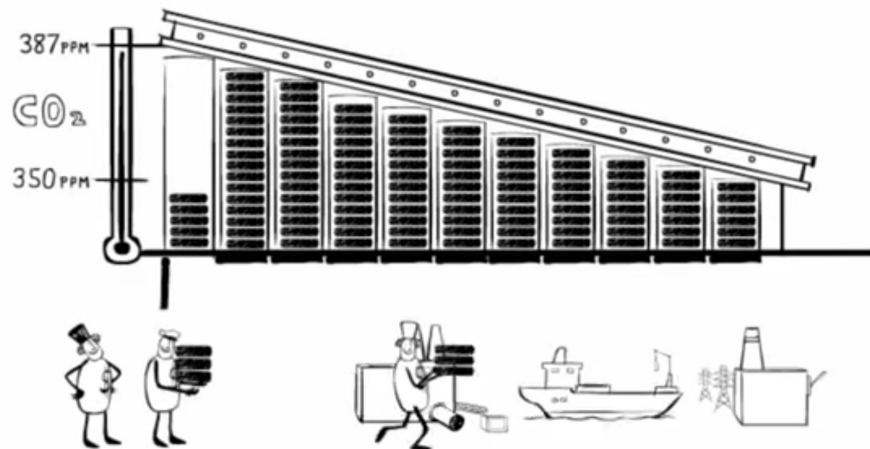
e.g. reducing working hours

problem: only wealthy people have enough financial security

Cap-and-Trade Systems



- set a ceiling on a given pressure
- companies can buy and sell the right to pollute
- focus on the desired goal
 - e.g. limit CO₂ emissions
- claimed to be “immune to rebound effects”
- requires: impossible to shift to other sectors & locations



Other Policy Pathways



- cap-and-trade systems
- ecotaxes
- awareness, information and moral suasion
- price regulation
- subsidies
- education in business
- technology & innovation
- new business models

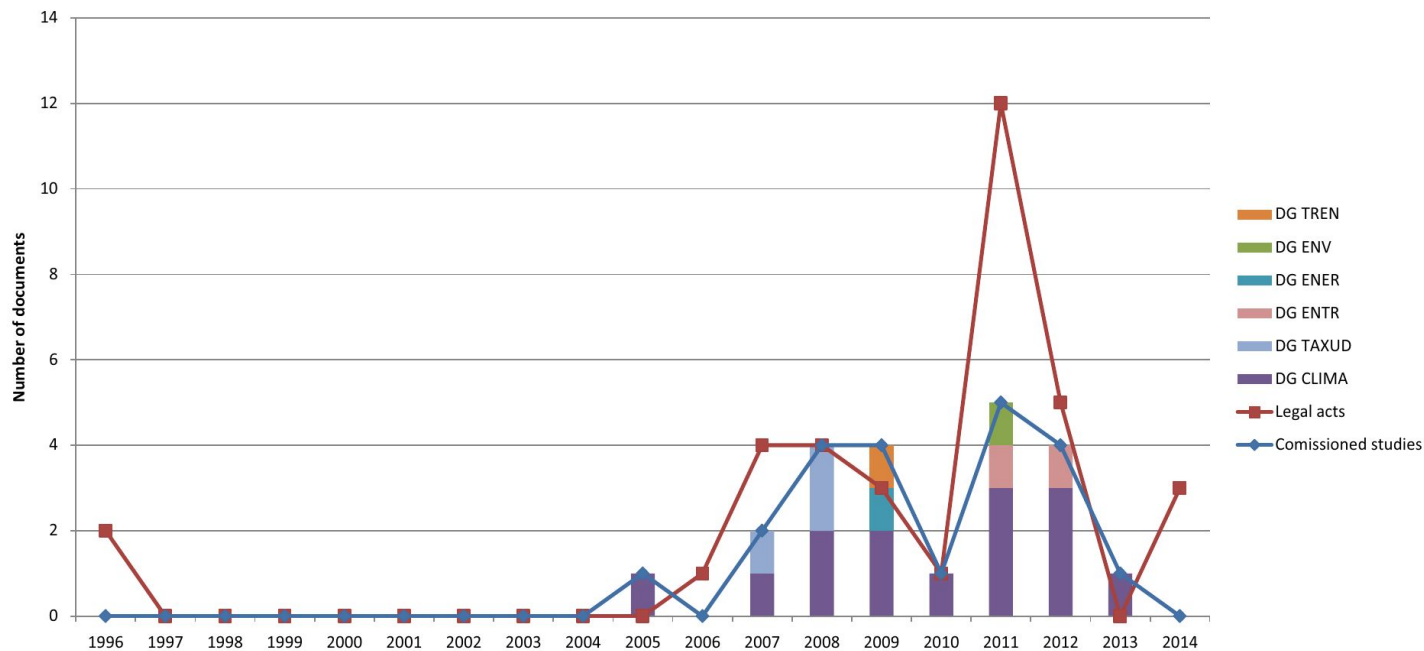
Conclusion

- important to understand social changes -> what people do with saved money
- rebound effect is not enough to describe secondary effects
- policies must be designed carefully
- consider a broad range of side effects
- much more research required

Thank You

Let's start the discussion!

Rebound Effect in EU Legal Acts



3 Rebound Mitigation Strategies



Recognition in
policy design

Broader definitions and toolkit

Benchmarking tools

Consumption
information
Identity
signalling
Standardisation

Autonomous
frugal behaviour

Targeted eco-
innovation

Energy/carbon tax

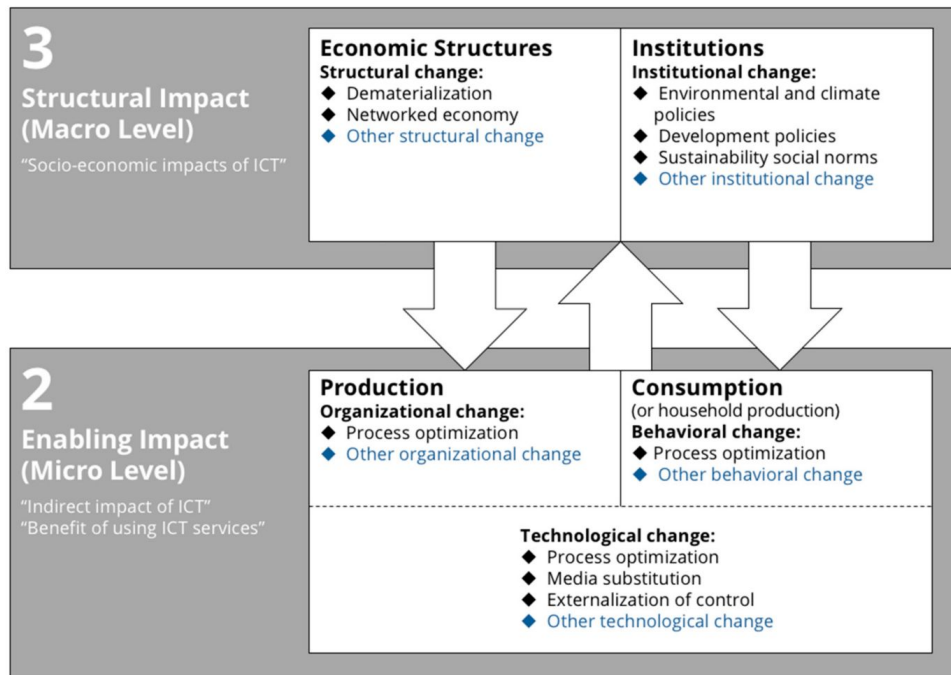
Bonus-malus schemes

Cap and trade schemes

Rebates and subsidies

Product service
systems

Life-cycle / Enabling / Structural Impact (LES)



The Mutual Substitutability of Time, Energy and Information

